

I claim:

1. A method for determining a word entered using a reduced keypad, where each of one or more keys of the reduced keypad is mapped to a plurality of letters, the method comprising:

5 receiving key input corresponding to the word, the key input having at least one of a left context and a right context; and,

determining the word corresponding to the key input by using a machine learning approach with a language model based on one or more of the at least one of the left context and the right context of the key input.

10 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the reduced keypad is a numeric keypad.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the key input has at least the left context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by using the machine learning approach based on the left context of the key input.

15 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the key input has at least the right context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by using the machine learning approach based on the right context of the key input.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the key input has both the left context and the right context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by using the machine learning approach based both on the left context and the right context of the key input.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein using the language model comprises using an n-gram model.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein using the n-gram model comprises using a bigram model.

5 8. The method of claim 1, wherein using the machine learning approach further comprises using a cache model in addition to the language model.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the language model comprises a compressed language model.

10 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the key input has at least the left context, the word corresponding to the key input determined by using the machine learning approach based on the left context of the key input, and using the machine learning approach comprises using a bigram model as the language model, comprising:

15 for each word in a vocabulary that is consistent with the key input, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and adding the word and the probability of the word to an array of word-probability pairs; and,
sorting the array of word-probability pairs in decreasing order of probability.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein using the machine learning approach comprises using a cache model in addition to using the bigram model, such that the probability of the word is determined given the left context and a cache.

12. The method of claim 10, wherein using the bigram model further comprises:

for each word in the vocabulary that is consistent with the key input as an initial part of the word, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and, upon determining that the probability is greater than a greatest probability so far determined, setting the greatest probability to the probability and a greatest probability word associated with the greatest probability to the word;

upon determining that the greatest probability is at least a number of times greater than a word of a first word-probability pair of the array of word-probability pairs, inserting the greatest probability word associated with the greatest probability and the greatest probability as a new first word-probability pair before the first word-probability pair within the array.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein using the machine learning approach comprises using a cache model in addition to using the bigram model, such that the probability of the word is determined given the left context and a cache.

14. The method of claim 1, wherein the key input has both the left context and the right context and has a plurality of number sequences where each sequence corresponds to a word, the plurality of words corresponding to the key input determined by using the machine learning approach based both on the left context and the right context of the key input.

15. The method of claim 1, wherein the language model comprises a compressed language model, the compressed language model compressed by performing a method

comprising:

smoothing an uncompressed language model; and,

pruning the uncompressed language model to yield the compressed language model.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model

5 comprises using one of: a count-cutoffs approach, a Rosenfeld pruning approach, and a Stolcke pruning approach

17. The method of claim 15, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model

comprises determining a normalization factor for each word in the uncompressed model only prior to pruning.

10 18. The method of claim 15, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model accounts for ambiguous words in the uncompressed model.

19. The method of claim 15, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model accounts for an effect of the pruning on key input accuracy.

15 20. The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by execution of a computer program by a processor from a computer-readable medium.

21. A computer-readable medium having instructions stored thereon for execution by a processor to perform a method for determining a word entered using a reduced keypad, where each of one or more input keys of the reduced keypad is mapped to a plurality of

letters, the method comprising:

receiving key input corresponding to the word, the key input having a left context;

for each word in a vocabulary that is consistent with the key input, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and adding the word and the probability of

5 the word to an array of word-probability pairs;

determining the word corresponding to the key input as a word of a word-probability pair within the array of word-probability pairs having a greatest probability.

22. The medium of claim 21, wherein the reduced keypad is a numeric keypad.

23. The medium of claim 21, wherein determining the word corresponding to the key
10 input comprises:

sorting the array of word-probability pairs in decreasing order of probability; and,

determining the word corresponding to the key input as a word of a first word-probability pair within the array of word-probability pairs.

24. The medium of claim 21, the method further initially comprising, for each word in a
15 cache that is consistent with the key input, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and adding the word and the probability of the word to an array of word-probability pairs.

25. The medium of claim 21, the method further comprising prior to determining the word corresponding to the key input:

20 for each word in the vocabulary that is consistent with the key input as an initial part

of the word, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and, upon determining that the probability is greater than a greatest probability so far determined, setting the greatest probability to the probability and a greatest probability word associated with the greatest probability to the word;

- 5 upon determining that the greatest probability is significantly more likely than a word of a first word-probability pair of the array of word probability-pairs, adding the greatest probability word associated with the greatest probability and the greatest probability as a new first word-probability pair to the array.

- 10 26. The medium of claim 25, the method further initially comprising prior to determining the word corresponding to the key input, for each word in a cache that is consistent with the key input as an initial part of the word, determining a probability of the word given the left context, and, upon determining that the probability is greater than the greatest probability so far determined, setting the greatest probability to the probability and a greatest probability word associated with the greatest probability to the word.

- 15 27. A method for determining a word entered using a reduced keypad, where each of one or more keys of the reduced keypad is mapped to a plurality of letters, the method comprising:

receiving key input corresponding to the word, the key input having at least one of a left context and a right context;

- 20 determining the word corresponding to the key input by using a compressed language model based on one or more of the at least one of the left context and the right context of the key input,

wherein the compressed language model is compressed by performing a method comprising:
smoothing an uncompressed language model; and,
pruning the uncompressed language model to yield the compressed language model.

5 28. The method of claim 27, wherein the reduced keypad is a numeric keypad.

29. The method of claim 27, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model comprises using one of: a count-cutoffs approach, a Rosenfeld pruning approach, and a Stolcke pruning approach

10 30. The method of claim 27, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model comprises determining a normalization factor for each word in the uncompressed model only prior to pruning.

31. The method of claim 27, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model accounts for ambiguous words in the uncompressed model.

15 32. The method of claim 27, wherein pruning the uncompressed language model accounts for an effect of the pruning on key input accuracy.

33. The method of claim 27, wherein the method is performed by execution of a computer program by a processor from a computer-readable medium.

34. An apparatus comprising:

a plurality of keys, each of one or more of the keys mapped to a plurality of letters,
the plurality of keys used to enter key input corresponding to a word, the key input
having at least one of a left context and a right context; and,

5 a word-determining logic designed to determine the word corresponding to the key
input by using a machine learning approach with a language model based on one or more
of the at least one of the left context and the right context of the key input.

10 35. The apparatus of claim 34, further comprising a display on which the at least one of
the left context and the right context, and the word corresponding to the key input, are
displayed.

36. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the apparatus is a telephone.

37. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the apparatus is a mobile telephone.

38. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the apparatus is one of: a cellular telephone, a
corded telephone, a cordless telephone, a digital telephone, and a radio telephone.

15 39. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the apparatus is one of: a pager, a desktop
computer, a laptop computer, a handheld device, a personal-digital assistance (PDA)
device, and a remote control device.

40. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the word-determining logic comprises a computer program stored on a computer-readable medium for execution by a processor.

41. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the key input has at least the left context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by the word-determining logic by

5 using the machine learning approach based on the left context of the key input.

42. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the key input has at least the right context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by the word-determining logic by using the machine learning approach based on the right context of the key input.

43. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the key input has both the left context and the right context, and the word corresponding to the key input is determined by the word-determining logic by using the machine learning approach based both on the left context and the right context of the key input.

44. The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the word-determining logic uses a cache model.